

FILTRATION APPLICATIONS IN HYDROTREATING

Hydrotreating is an essential refinery process in crude distillation feed contaminants from downstream processes, as well as convert low-value gas oils into valuable products that meet stringent clean fuels specifications. Hydrotreaters remove sulfur and other impurities from feedstock through catalytic conversion in a hydrogen-rich environment over fixed catalyst beds at high temperatures and pressures.

Benefits of an optimized Hydrotreater filtration system include:

- Maintaining stringent clean fuel requirements
- Improving production and operation efficiency
- Extending catalyst bed life
- Protecting downstream equipment
- Reducing process upsets and downtime

Types of Hydrotreating

Gasoline Hydrotreating

Removes sulfur from gasoline blending components and reduces the olefins and aromatics content by saturating the double bonds with hydrogen.

Jet Fuel Hydrotreating

Improves burning characteristics of jet fuel by increasing the smoke point at which unburned hydrocarbons are released as smoke.

Distillates Hydrotreating

Distillates used for diesel fuel are hydrotreated to reduce sulfur content to meet ultra-low level sulfur mandates. In addition, hydrotreating cracked light oils reduces the amount of aromatics compounds and raises the octane levels.

Cat Feed and Reformer Feed Hydrotreating

Cat reformer feeds are almost always hydrotreated prior to entering the catalyst to protect the equipment and maintain optimal operating conditions.

Additional Hydroteating Processes

Pyrolysis Gas, Kerosene, Residual Fuels, etc.

The most common filtration problems include solid and liquid contaminants in fluid and gas streams originating from upstream equipment, storage tanks and piping. These contaminants foul the reactor beds resulting in higher differential pressure leading to reduction in recycle hydrogen compressor performance. This causing refiners to reduce gas oil throughput in order to maintain the proper hydrogen to gas oil ratio resulting in direct revenue losses.

Contamination fouling also causes catalyst deactivation (coking) requiring refiners to raise temperatures in the reactor to compensate.

If elevated long enough, deactivation occurs making it difficult to maintain on-spec product leading to unplanned shutdowns to replace fouled catalyst. In addition, contamination in hydrotreater feed streams cause problems in heat exchangers and hydrogen compressors leading to costly repairs and downtime.



Hydrotreating Process Steps

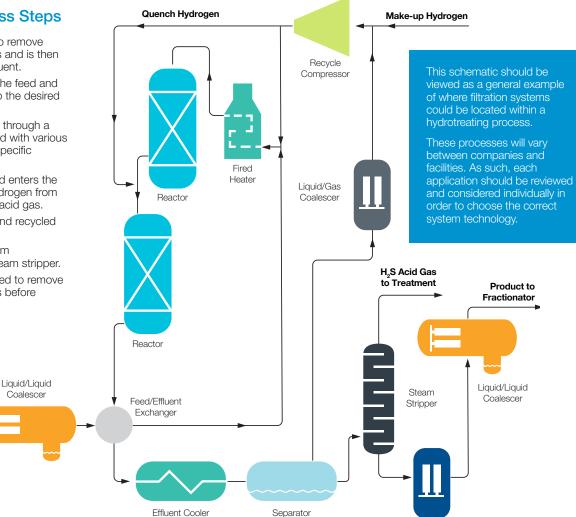
- Hydrotreater feed is filtered to remove solid and liquid contaminants and is then preheated by the reactor effluent.
- Hydrogen is combined with the feed and heated using a fired heater to the desired hydrotreating temperature.
- The feed and hydrogen pass through a hydrogenation reactor packed with various catalysts depending on the specific reaction required.
- Reactor effluent is cooled and enters the separator to separate the hydrogen from the liquid hydrocarbons and acid gas.
- Purged hydrogen is filtered and recycled with make-up hydrogen.
- Acid gases are separated from hydrocarbon liquids in the steam stripper.
- Hydrocarbon liquids are filtered to remove solid and liquid contaminants before transfer to fractionation.

Hydrotreater

Feed

Liauid Particle Filter

Coalescer



	Filter Solution	Filter Purpose	Filter Benefit
01	Backwashable ProGuard Series filter systems OR LiquiPleat™ HF Series (High Flow) filter elements and vessels	Hydrotreater feed filtration removes solid contaminants such as scale, rust, and solid particles	Prevents unscheduled reactor downtime; reduced fouling in heat exchangers extending time between maintenance and shutdowns; fewer catalyst change-outs
02	PhasePUR [™] or Phase-LOK [™] Series coalescing elements and vessels	Removal of water from hydrotreater feedstock	Prevents unscheduled reactor downtime, heat exchanger fouling, and extends catalyst bed life
03	LiquiPleat [™] HF Series (High Flow) filter elements and vessels	Removes solid contaminants such as scale and rust from desulfurized product	Protects downstream equipment, reduces maintenance and labor costs
04	PhasePUR [™] or Phase-LOK [™] Series coalescing elements and vessels	Water removal from stabilized fuel	Maintains liquid fuel specifications, protects downstream equipment, and reduces maintenance costs
05	Micro-LOK [™] or Micro-DEP [™] Series coalescing elements and vessels	Removal of liquids and solids from recycle hydrogen	Efficient hydrogen compressor operation and significantly reduced maintenance costs



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Liquid Particle Filter

